

Butterflies of Virginia

County Distribution

Compiled and edited
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The goal of the present checklist is to maintain an accurate record of butterfly distribution records by county or independent city (equal to county status). Butterfly records are obtained from all available published and internet sources, including private and institutional collections. Please direct any specific inquiries regarding records, or report any discrepancies or apparent errors directly to me.

On the checklist, a shaded **X** indicates a county record that has been confirmed by either photo, specimen, or confirmed first-hand by a reputable lepidopterologist or experienced naturalist. An **X** without shaded background indicates a record based on a sight report, old literature records which do not clearly indicate how a butterfly was verified; or from various summary lists without supportive documentation. The ultimate goal is to upgrade all **X** reports to **X!!** I will include all new county and independent city records in a quarterly summary to be published in the Virginia reports section of the Southern Lepidopterists' News.

If you wish to report any new butterfly County or City records, the best way is to establish accounts with iNaturalist, Butterflies and Moths of North America (BAMONA), or the North American Butterfly Association (NABA 'Sightings' page, for which you need to be a paying member) and post photographs of either mounted specimens or live individuals at any of these sites. For sight records, NABA Sightings or eButterfly accept sight reports. You can also simply send sight reports to me in any style or format, either by mail or e-mail to: Harry Pavulaan, 606 Hunton Place NE, Leesburg, VA, 20176. Email: intlepsurvey@gmail.com (if expecting a reply, please be patient, same day replies are generally not possible). Photographs are best sent by email attachment.

New butterfly County and Independent City records should always be positively identified by photographs. Please review your photos to avoid odd angles, blurry images, distant shots or poor lighting which makes identification difficult or impossible. Sight reports of common or easily-identified species will be accepted, but some may be scrutinized by subsequent inquiry. If you feel you have observed something unique and distinct, but cannot identify it, a detailed description and other observations may suffice.

Always remember to include data. Your reports need to include the location (at minimum, the county or independent city). Keep reports accurately within established boundaries. I have received many reports from "Alexandria" which are really in Fairfax County. Locations such as "Shenandoah National Park" are fairly useless unless one includes the confirmed county or the mile marker. The photo or sighting date is equally important. Summary county or park lists without dates may be acceptable if they fill large distributional gaps. Confidentiality of reporting is occasionally a concern. Reporting by county or city is

usually general enough to maintain secrecy of your favorite spots. Reports for existing county/city records are encouraged, as many of the present records are historic. Contributors might also consider using their real names when establishing accounts. Fictitious monikers are recorded as “anonymous” since there is no way to know who contributed a county, state or U.S. record.

A note about species names: The last pages (“F” pages) provide important information:

Column 1: Common Names generally follow the NABA ‘Checklist & English Names of North American Butterflies’ last published in 2001 (and never updated except for a handful of Mexican species recorded in the U.S. after 2001)! There have been a considerable number of changes to butterfly taxonomy since 2001. Several new species have been described since 2001. Also NABA (2001) did not recognize many species which are generally accepted by the lepidopterological community. Several species are members of “species complexes” whose natural history is little known (Little Wood Satyrs are one example). Thus, there are several cases of deviation from the NABA list. These are explained in the ‘Notes’ section that follows below.

Column 2: Scientific (Latin) Names generally follow ‘A Catalogue of the Butterflies of the United States and Canada’ (Pelham, 2019 update from the Butterflies of America website). Currently, there are additional changes not yet reflected in the Catalogue (Zhang, et. al., 2019) and some minor deviations per H. Pavulaan, as explained in the ‘Notes’ section that follows below.

Column 3: The species’ entry number from Pelham (2019) is included so that users may cross-reference the Catalogue for more detailed information regarding butterfly names and taxonomic issues.

Column 4: Lastly, Scientific (Latin) Names per NABA (2001) are included for **cross-reference purposes only** primarily because many people who are observing and photographing butterflies utilize NABA butterfly names as reflected in Glassberg (1999, 2017) which are, in turn, based on NABA (2001). NABA (2001) is based on dated scientific names taxonomy (while, ironically, common names have remained reasonably stable due to the adoption of NABA common names by many of today’s book authors and local butterfly groups). The Lepidopterists’ Society has adopted Pelham (2008, with updates through 2019) as their “official” source of updated butterfly taxonomy.

Notes on the names applied in this list:

- *1 *Achalarus lyciades* revised to *Cecropterus lyciades* (Li, et. al., 2019; Pelham, 2019).
- *2 *Thorybes confusis* revised to *Cecropterus confusis* (Li, et. al., 2019; Pelham, 2019).
- *3 *Thorybes bathyllus* revised to *Cecropterus bathyllus* (Li, et. al., 2019; Pelham, 2019).
- *4 *Thorybes pylades* revised to *Cecropterus pylades* (Li, et. al., 2019; Pelham, 2019).
- *5 *Autochton cellus* revised to *Telegonus cellus* (Li, et. al., 2019; Pelham, 2019).
- *6 *Erynnis juvenalis* revised to *Gesta juvenalis* (Zhang, et. al., 2019a. 2019b).
- *7 *Erynnis horatius* revised to *Gesta horatius* (Zhang, et. al., 2019a. 2019b).
- *8 *Erynnis martialis* revised to *Gesta martialis* (Zhang, et. al., 2019a. 2019b).
- *9 *Erynnis zarucco* revised to *Gesta zarucco* (Zhang, et. al., 2019a. 2019b).
- *10 *Erynnis funeralis* revised to *Gesta funeralis* (Zhang, et. al., 2019a. 2019b).
- *11 *Erynnis baptisiae* revised to *Gesta baptisiae* (Zhang, et. al., 2019a. 2019b).
- *12 *Erynnis lucilius* revised to *Gesta lucilius* (Zhang, et. al., 2019a. 2019b).
- *13 *Erynnis persius* revised to *Gesta persius* (Zhang, et. al., 2019a. 2019b).

*14 *Pyrgus communis* revised to *Burnsius communis* (Grishin, 2019; Li, *et. al.*, 2019; Pelham, 2019).

*15 *Pyrgus albescens* revised to *Burnsius albescens* (Grishin, 2019; Li, *et. al.*, 2019; Pelham, 2019).

*16 *Copaeodes minimus* revised to *Oarisma minima* (Zhang, *et. al.*, 2019a. 2019b).

*17 *Polites origenes* revised to *Limochores origenes* (Zhang, *et. al.*, 2019a. 2019b).

*18 *Polites mystic* revised to *Limochores mystic* (Zhang, *et. al.*, 2019a. 2019b).

*19 *Polites vibex* revised to *Hedone vibex* (Zhang, *et. al.*, 2019a. 2019b).

*20 *Problema bulenta* revised to *Atrytone bulenta* (Zhang, *et. al.*, 2019a. 2019b).

*21 For the purposes of this list, *Euphyes bimacula* is listed along with two subspecies: nominotypical subspecies *bimacula* which occurs in the mountainous portion of western Virginia; and subspecies *arbogasti*, which occurs in the coastal plain region. NABA (2001) does not list subspecies for *E. bimacula*.

*22 Treatment of *Heraclides* at either the level of genus or subgenus has remained subjective for well over a century. More recent studies remain inconclusive on proper placement of *Heraclides* as either genus or subgenus. For example, Miller & Brown (1981) treated *Heraclides* at genus level, while Pelham (2019) treats *Heraclides* as a subgenus of *Papilio*. NABA (2001) recognized only genus *Papilio* for members of *Heraclides*. The present list opts to follow Tyler, *et. al.* (1994), and Lamas (2004) which place *Heraclides* at genus rank.

*23 Treatment of *Pterourus* at either the level of genus or subgenus has remained subjective for well over a century. More recent studies remain inconclusive on proper placement of *Pterourus* as either genus or subgenus. For example, Miller & Brown (1981) treated *Pterourus* at genus level, while Pelham (2019) treats *Pterourus* as a subgenus of *Papilio*. NABA (2001) recognized only genus *Papilio* for members of *Pterourus*. The present list opts to follow Tyler, *et. al.* (1994), and Lamas (2004) which place *Pterourus* at genus rank.

*24 *Pterourus appalachienis* was described in 2002, thus not listed in NABA (2001).

*25 The treatment of *Pyrisitia* at either the level of genus or subgenus has remained subjective for many decades and has flipped back and forth repeatedly. NABA (2001) recognized only genus *Eurema* for members of *Pyrisitia*. Most recently, Lamas (2004) and Pelham (2019) treat *Pyrisitia* at the rank of genus. Zhang, *et. al.* (2019a. 2019b) resolved this question through extensive genomic analysis and proposed retention of *Pyrisitia* at full genus rank.

*26 The treatment of *Abaeis* at either the level of genus or subgenus of *Eurema* has remained subjective for many decades and has flipped back and forth repeatedly. NABA (2001) recognized only genus *Eurema*. Most recently, Lamas (2004) and Pelham (2019) treat *Abaeis* at the rank of genus. Zhang, *et. al.* (2019a. 2019b) resolved this question through extensive genomic analysis and proposed retention of *Abaeis* at full genus rank.

*27 Though Appalachian populations were recently described as subspecies *carolae* (Hammond & McCorkle, 2017), the authors reclassified all *Colias interior* subspecies as subspecies of *Colias pelidne*. This view has not been accepted by the lepidopterological community. Pelham (2019) retained *Colias interior*, and Zhang, *et. al.* (2019) demonstrated support for retaining *Colias interior* as separate from *Colias pelidne*. The present list follows Pelham (2019).

*28 The treatment of *Zerene* at either the level of genus or subgenus has remained subjective for well over a century and has flipped back and forth repeatedly. NABA (2001) recognized only genus *Colias* for members of *Zerene*. Hammond & McCorkle (2017) treated *Zerene* as a subgenus of *Colias*. Most recently, Lamas (2004) and Pelham (2019) treated *Zerene* at the rank of genus. Zhang, *et. al.* (2019a. 2019b) resolved this question through extensive genomic analysis and demonstrated considerable distance between *Zerene* and *Colias* at genus rank.

*29 *Callophrys* has gained “popular” application as a super-genus encompassing several genera in recent years, despite several studies supporting retention of traditional genera. This first became evident when Scott (1986) applied *Callophrys* in place of traditional genera *Incisalia*, *Mitoura* and others, without explanation or reference. This treatment was followed by Opler & Warren (2003), and Lamas (2004) again without explanation. The present list follows traditional treatment of *Incisalia* and *Mitoura* at generic rank (Miller & Brown, 1981; Hodges, 1983; Ferris, 1989). A recent study (Zhang, *et. al.*, 2019) showed close relationships between genera but members of *Incisalia* and *Mitoura* break out as separate groupings calling for detailed analysis and resolution.

*30 This list records both *Baptisia* and *Lupinus* feeding populations separately in support of future studies. These currently bear no taxonomic standing.

*31 This list records locations for both subspecies *henrici* and *viridissima* separately. The common name ‘Greenish’ Henry’s Elfin comes from local usage in the region where ssp. *viridissima* occurs. Ssp. *viridissima* occurs mainly in the Tidewater region (and Delmarva Peninsula), where it is dominant, but individuals bearing green ventral dusting may occur far inland, mainly immediately west of Chesapeake Bay and the Potomac River. Some individuals resembling *viridissima* may frequently occur as far north as the Washington D.C. suburbs. Observers are encouraged to note green “highlights” in Henry’s Elfin and report them.

*32 The species *Celastrina lucia* has come to be accepted at species rank in recent years by most authors, in regions where the species occurs. It is distinct from *C. ladon* (which is identified by a unique wing scale structure). NABA (2001) and Glassberg (1999, 2017) do not recognize this taxon. Pavulaan (2014) discusses separation of several *Celastrina* taxa in Virginia at species rank. Pelham (2019) lists two subspecies, of which *C. lucia lucia* occurs in eastern North America.

*33 The species *Celastrina ladon* has been determined to be a distinct Appalachian/Ozarkian region endemic, identified by a unique wing scale structure that separates it from all other eastern *Celastrina* species. This is discussed at length in Pavulaan (2014). NABA (2001) subsumes several species within *C. ladon*. Pelham (2019) separates *C. ladon* from other taxa in this genus. The name “*violacea*” is a junior synonym and applies only to typical *C. ladon*.

*34 The species *Celastrina idella* has been determined to be distinct from *C. ladon* (which is identified by a unique wing scale structure). NABA (2001) considered *idella* to represent a subspecies of *ladon*, though both are fully sympatric and occur together throughout the range of *C. idella* (sympatric taxa are not considered by biologists to be subspecies). The common name “Holly Azure” was originally proposed (Wright & Pavulaan, 1999) and most authors and websites have adopted this common name. However, NABA (2001) refers to it as ‘Atlantic’ Spring Azure and while Glassberg (1999) provides brief mention as ‘Pine Barrens’ Spring Azure, Glassberg (2017) does not recognize this taxon.

*35 The species *Celastrina serotina* has been determined to be distinct from *C. ladon* (which is identified by a unique wing scale structure). The species was officially described in 2005, though there were numerous references to “Cherry Gall Azure” in literature just prior to that (see Glassberg, 1999). Thus it is not listed in NABA (2001). Glassberg (2017) do not recognize this taxon, while most authors accept this as a full species, in regions where the species occurs. The common name “Cherry Gall Azure” was originally proposed (Pavulaan & Wright, 2005) and is widely used.

*36 The species *Celastrina neglecta* has been determined to be distinct from *C. ladon* (which is identified by a unique wing scale structure). This is discussed at length in Pavulaan (2014). In recent years, *neglecta* has come to be accepted at species rank by most authors. Glassberg (1999) referred to it as *Celastrina ladon neglecta* (Summer Azure). NABA (2001) considered *neglecta* to represent a subspecies of *ladon* (with the common name ‘Summer’ Spring Azure), though both are fully sympatric and occur together throughout the range of *C. ladon* (sympatric taxa are not considered by biologists to be subspecies). Glassberg (2017) does not recognize *neglecta* at any rank and subsumes it into *C. ladon*. Pelham (2019) separates *C. neglecta* from *C. ladon*. The common name is correctly “Summer Azure”.

*37 The genus *Everes* has traditionally been applied to North American “Tailed Blues”. In recent years, the genus name *Cupido* has gained popular usage. This use of the name *Cupido* for the Eastern-tailed Blue originates with an elusive list of European butterflies that apparently was never published! However, I have found no actual studies showing that *Cupido* is the correct generic name to apply to our sole member of the genus: *Everes comyntas*. Thus, I retain the genus name *Everes*.

*38 The species name *Libytheana bachmanni* has traditionally been applied to the butterfly known as the “American Snout”. In recent years, the name *L. carinenta* has gained popular usage (with *bachmanni* considered a subspecies of *carinenta*). I have attempted to find an actual study showing this to be the case but such study eludes me. Thus, I retain the status of *L. bachmanni* as a full species.

*39 The familiar Monarch butterfly is known for its migratory behavior. The nominotypical, migratory subspecies *Danaus plexippus plexippus* occupies the entirety of the North American mainland. However, a sedentary population exists in the Caribbean region, adjacent to Florida, with the subspecies name *D. plexippus megalippe*. The Monarch population of southern Florida variably takes on phenotypical characters of *megalippe* and is fully sedentary. Whether this population is actually *megalippe*, or a blend population, calls for more detailed study. In any event, some Monarch individuals observed in Virginia display some of the characteristics of *megalippe*. However, since these are of migratory nature, they may likely be hybrids or simply *megalippe*-like variants of nominotypical *plexippus*. Thus, an entry for *megalippe* is included in the list. There is no published common name, thus I have adopted the name “Caribbean Monarch”.

*40 *Agraulis vanillae* revised to *Dione vanillae* (Zhang, et. al., 2019a. 2019b).

*41 NABA (2001) created the common name “Red-spotted Admiral” as an “imperfect solution” for providing a name for the SPECIES *Limenitis arthemis* while maintaining the subspecies common names “White Admiral” for subspecies *artemis* and “Red-spotted Purple” for subspecies *astyanax*. Observers are encouraged to use the subspecific common names for reporting either subspecies in Virginia, instead of the SPECIES name “Red-spotted Admiral”. The Red-spotted Purple is the dominant form in Virginia. White Admirals only appear as rare variant forms, mostly in the mountainous western region of the state. [It is important to note that the practice of reporting the species name Red-spotted “Admiral” in some regions of our country, such as in New England, where both forms are equally present, actually masks diversity in the species, and it is not known which subspecies is being reported.]

*42 The Viceroy (*Limenitis archippus*) consists of several subspecies continent-wide. NABA (2001) and Glassberg (2017) only recognize *L. archippus* at species-level and do not recognize the distinct named subspecies. This list follows Pelham (2019), which lists all known subspecies. Three of these occur in Virginia, but only subspecies *archippus* is dominant throughout the state, with the only exception being the occurrence of subspecies *watsoni* in the far southeastern corner of the state, mainly east of the Great Dismal Swamp. Nominotypical *archippus* is uniformly orange on the upper wing surface. Subspecies *watsoni*, while having orange hindwings, is characterized by having darkened forewings. It is the dominant subspecies in the Gulf states. *Watsoni* also appears as a seasonal “form”, usually during exceptionally hot, dry summer weather, in many parts of Virginia, as far north as the Washington D.C. suburbs. Thus, one might conclude that Virginia *watsoni* is not truly the same as the Gulf Coast subspecies. The third phenotype is *floridensis*, in which both sets of wings are darkened, often reddish dark brown. This occurs rarely in Virginia but mainly as an aberrant seasonal form, generally later in summer. It is the dominant form in Florida and along the immediate Carolina coast, but can rarely be found in diluted form as an extreme variant, as far north and inland as the Washington D.C. suburbs. For those familiar with the work of Clark & Clark (1951), the authors refer to “*floridensis*” in southeastern Virginia, but they are describing the *watsoni* phenotype. The authors consider the Floridian subspecies as *L. archippus eros*, which is a junior synonym of *floridensis* (Pelham, 2019).

*43 See Pelham (2019) for update on the correct scientific name: *N. l-album j-album*. The name has varied somewhat over recent decades. However, NABA (2001) and Glassberg (2017) apply the dated name “*vaualbum*” (or “*vau-album*”) no longer in use by the scientific community.

*44 Recent (yet unpublished research) has determined that North American *N. antiopa* differs considerably from Eurasian *N. antiopa antiopa*. Two named, distinct subspecies occur in North America. Those in the eastern U.S. are subspecies *lintheri*. Added to this list as the Virginia subspecies.

*45 Recent (yet unpublished research) has determined that Baltimore Checkerspot populations from about Maryland southward are represented by the subspecies *schausi* (considered a junior synonym of subspecies *phaeton* in Pelham, 2019). This subspecies is characterized by large size and is darker than more northerly populations). Thus, *schausi* is added to this list as the Virginia subspecies.

*46 The Northern Crescent has undergone a considerable number of scientific name changes since populations were discovered in the central Appalachian mountains. In the literature, it was listed as: *P. pascoensis* (Opler & Krizek, 1984); *P. selenis selenis* (Allen, 1997); *Phyciodes selenis* (NABA, 2001; Glassberg, 1999, 2017). It is currently known as *Phyciodes cocyta* (see Pelham (2019) for names updates) and the Virginia subspecies is *P. cocyta selenis*. To complicate matters, in Virginia there are two different population groupings: the first being a bivoltine taxon which flies in May and August; and the second being a univoltine taxon which flies only in late June and early July. These are differentiated mainly by the timing of their brood flights. Males of the *Phyciodes cocyta* “species complex” are differentiated from males of the Pearl Crescent (*Phyciodes tharos*) by the UNDERSIDES of the male antenna clubs. There is no other way to differentiate species in these two groups. Pearl Crescent males have solid BLACK antenna clubs, generally spoon-shaped. Northern Crescent males have the underside of the antenna clubs ORANGE in color, and the clubs tend to be elongated. Female antenna clubs of both species have variable clubs. Thus, the females cannot be identified to species other than by association with identified males. There are behavioral and habitat-association differences as well, but one needs to carefully observe and study these butterflies very carefully.

*47 See Pelham (2019) for explanation regarding priority of *Lethe* over *Enodia* and *Satyrodes*.

*48 The Little Wood Satyr is now believed to consist of a sibling-species pair. The earlier, spring flight, generally flying in May, has been proposed to be *Megisto eurytris* (Gatrelle, 2005). The later, summer flight, generally flying in late June and early July, retains the name *Megisto cymela*. This species relationship has been partly verified by rearing studies conducted by myself. Eggs laid by *M. eurytris* produce caterpillars that do not mature until September, which then go into hibernation until the following year, producing the next year’s spring flight. Thus the spring flight cannot produce the summer flight of the same year. Similarly, *M. cymela* caterpillars do not mature the same year, rather going into hibernation as partly-developed caterpillars, then completing growth the following year and producing the next year’s summer flight. *M. eurytris* is generally common and widespread statewide, while *M. cymela* is less common, less widespread, and usually only found in isolated colonies. Observers are advised to be attentive of the two flights when reporting either the spring flight (*eurytris*) or summer flight (*cymela*).

*49 The Georgia Satyr is now believed to consist of a sibling-species pair. Gatrelle (1999) elevated the name *helicta* to represent populations of a *Neonympha* sibling-species with phenotypic wing differences from *N. areolata*. These two species are differentiated primarily by the shape of the markings on the underside of the hindwing. The Georgia Satyr (*N. areolatus*) has elongated markings, while the Helicta Satyr (*N. helicta*) has markings that are rounded, or shaped egg-like. It might be noted that *helicta* appears very similar to Mitchell’s Satyr (*N. mitchelli*). *N. mitchelli* has a set of rounded marks on both sets of wings, while *N. helicta* generally has rounded marks only on the hindwings, but in some *helicta* individuals there may be rounded marks on the forewings as well, thus making determination from *mitchelli* tricky, though both these species occupy vastly differing distributional patterns. Observers are encouraged to provide photographic (or specimen) documentation of both *N. areolatus* and *N. helicta* and to report associated habitat so that we might better understand the life history of this species pair. Pelham (2019) subsumes *N. helicta* into *N. areolatus* as a junior synonym.

*50 The Common Wood-Nymph (*Cercyonis pegala*) consists of many subspecies continent-wide. Several named subspecies occur in the eastern United States, three in Virginia, though Pelham (2019) does not accept ssp. *carolina* and incorrectly lists it as a form of ssp. *pegala*. NABA (2001) and Glassberg (1999, 2017) do not accept any named subspecies. The three Virginia subspecies are as follows:

- (1) *pegala* – This is the large, dark brown subspecies which occurs mainly in the Virginia Tidewater region. Males are characterized by having primarily only one eyespot mark set in a deep-orange forewing patch. Females attain considerable size.
- (2) *alope* – This is a smaller subspecies which occurs mainly in northern Virginia. It is similar to ssp. *pegala* except males bear two equal-sized eyespots within a deep-orange forewing patch.

- (3) *carolina* – This subspecies resembles ssp. *alope* except the ground color is more of a pale, or grayish-brown tone and the forewing patch is pale-yellow or cream white. Males bear two eyespot marks. It occurs mainly in the western portion of the state in the mountainous region, as far north as northern Virginia, where most adults have the pale-yellow patch, with some intergradation to ssp. *alope*.
- (4) Throughout the vast interior of the state, populations tend to be polytypic, and blend between the above three. These cannot reliably be assigned to either of the three subspecies. In rare cases, individuals in the mountain region will have the forewing eye patch faded, showing intergradation to the northern subspecies *nephele*.

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Page 1B	Clifton Forge (c)	Colonial Heights (c)	Covington (c)	Craig	Culpeper	Cumberland	Danville (c)	Dickenson	Dinwiddie	Emporia (c)	Essex	Fairfax	Fairfax (c)	Falls Church (c)	Fauquier	Floyd	Fluvanna	Franklin	Franklin (c)	Frederick	Fredericksburg (c)	Galax (c)	Giles	Gloucester	Goochland	Grayson	Greene	Greensville
SKIPPERS																												
Hoary Edge				X	X	X	X				X			X		X	X		X			X		X				
Confused Cloudywing											X											X						
Southern Cloudywing				X	X	X	X		X					X	X	X	X		X			X			X			
Northern Cloudywing				X	X	X								X				X		X			X				X	
Long-tailed Skipper								X				X		X		X								X				
Golden Banded-Skipper											X			X	X							X						
Silver-spotted Skipper		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Hayhurst's Scalopwing					X						X	X		X													X	
Common Sootywing				X	X						X	X		X	X		X		X			X	X					
Dreamy Duskywing			X	X		X					X			X	X		X		X			X		X		X		
Sleepy Duskywing			X	X							X			X	X		X		X			X		X		X		
Juvenal's Duskywing			X	X	X	X					X			X	X		X		X			X		X	X	X	X	
Horace's Duskywing				X				X			X			X	X		X					X	X	X	X	X	X	
Mottled Duskywing											X			X								X					X	
Zarucco Duskywing											X											X			X	X	X	
Funereal Duskywing																											X	
Wild Indigo Duskywing	X			X		X					X			X	X		X		X			X			X	X	X	
Columbine Duskywing																												
Persius Duskywing											X												X					
'Appalachian' Grizzled Skipper			X								X							X	X			X						
Common Checkered-Skipper					X		X				X			X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
White Checkered-Skipper																												
Least Skipper				X	X		X	X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Southern Skipperling																												
European Skipper				X							X			X								X			X			
Brazilian Skipper								X			X										X			X				
Salt Marsh Skipper																							X					
Ocola Skipper					X					X	X			X								X	X	X			X	
Pepper and Salt Skipper	X		X								X			X								X						
Carolina Roadside-Skipper																											X	
Reversed Roadside-Skipper																											X	
Lace-winged Roadside-Skipper																											X	
Common Roadside-Skipper			X	X		X					X			X		X			X			X	X					
Dusky Roadside-Skipper																												
Swarthy Skipper						X		X	X	X	X			X							X		X		X	X	X	
Eufala Skipper																												
Clouded Skipper				X		X	X			X	X			X	X		X					X	X	X	X	X		
Fiery Skipper					X		X				X	X		X							X		X	X	X	X		
Leonard's Skipper											X											X				X		
Cobweb Skipper				X							X										X		X					
Dotted Skipper																												
Indian Skipper																					X		X					
Peck's Skipper				X	X					X	X	X		X	X		X		X		X		X		X	X		
Tawny-edged Skipper				X		X		X			X			X	X		X		X		X		X		X			
Crossline Skipper				X		X				X	X			X	X						X		X	X	X	X	X	
Long Dash					X																X		X					
Whirlabout																												
Southern Broken-Dash						X					X											X	X					
Northern Broken-Dash				X				X			X			X	X		X					X	X					

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	Halifax	Hampton (c)	Hanover	Harrisonburg (c)	Henrico	Henry	Highland	Hopewell (c)	Isle of Wight	James City	King and Queen	King George	King William	Lancaster	Lee	Lexington (c)	Loudoun	Louisa	Lunenburg	Lynchburg (c)	Madison	Manassas (c)	Manassas Park (c)	Martinsville (c)	Mathews	Mecklenburg	Middlesex
SKIPPERS																											
Hoary Edge	X	X			X				X	X	X						X			X							
Confused Cloudywing												X															X
Southern Cloudywing			X				X		X				X	X	X		X	X	X						X	X	
Northern Cloudywing			X	X	X	X			X				X				X					X					
Long-tailed Skipper		X	X		X	X				X							X					X		X	X		X
Golden Banded-Skipper							X								X												
Silver-spotted Skipper	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X		X	X		X		X	X		X	X			X	X	X	X
Hayhurst's Scallopwing						X		X	X			X					X				X			X			
Common Sootywing	X		X			X		X	X	X							X		X								X
Dreamy Duskywing			X		X	X	X								X		X	X			X						
Sleepy Duskywing					X	X			X								X	X	X		X						X
Juvenal's Duskywing	X	X	X	X	X	X			X								X	X	X	X	X					X	X
Horace's Duskywing	X	X	X	X	X			X	X								X	X			X				X		
Mottled Duskywing	X				X	X											X										
Zarucco Duskywing								X											X						X		X
Funereal Duskywing																											
Wild Indigo Duskywing	X	X		X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X		X			X				X						
Columbine Duskywing							X																				
Persius Duskywing							X																				
'Appalachian' Grizzled Skipper							X														X						
Common Checkered-Skipper			X	X	X	X	X		X		X	X					X	X		X	X					X	X
White Checkered-Skipper																	X										
Least Skipper	X	X	X		X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X		X					X	X	X
Southern Skipperling																											
European Skipper							X										X										
Brazilian Skipper		X			X			X	X			X					X										
Salt Marsh Skipper		X			X				X	X		X													X		X
Ocola Skipper	X	X	X		X			X	X								X	X							X		X
Pepper and Salt Skipper					X	X																					
Carolina Roadside-Skipper																											
Reversed Roadside-Skipper								X																			
Lace-winged Roadside-Skipper		X						X																			
Common Roadside-Skipper			X				X				X										X						X
Dusky Roadside-Skipper																											
Swarthy Skipper			X		X			X			X						X										X
Eufala Skipper																	X										
Clouded Skipper	X	X	X	X	X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X					X	X
Fiery Skipper	X	X	X	X	X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X								X	X	X
Leonard's Skipper	X			X		X	X															X					
Cobweb Skipper					X	X	X											X									
Dotted Skipper							X										X										
Indian Skipper	X						X														X						
Peck's Skipper	X		X	X	X		X		X		X			X			X				X					X	
Tawny-edged Skipper		X	X	X	X		X		X		X						X				X					X	
Crossline Skipper	X		X		X		X		X		X						X				X				X	X	X
Long Dash							X																				
Whirlabout																											
Southern Broken-Dash									X		X						X								X		X
Northern Broken-Dash			X	X	X		X		X		X						X				X						

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	Montgomery	Nelson	New Kent	Newport News (c)	Norfolk (c)	Northampton	Northumberland	Norton (c)	Nottoway	Orange	Page	Patrick	Petersburg (c)	Pittsylvania	Poquoson (c)	Portsmouth (c)	Powhatan	Prince Edward	Prince George	Prince William	Pulaski	Radford (c)	Rappahannock	Richmond	Richmond (c)	Roanoke	Roanoke (c)		
SKIPPERS																													
Hoary Edge	X	X				X												X		X	X	X			X	X			
Confused Cloudywing		X									X							X	X		X								
Southern Cloudywing	X	X	X	X	X	X	X				X		X				X	X		X	X	X	X				X		
Northern Cloudywing	X	X	X			X				X	X							X		X	X	X	X				X		
Long-tailed Skipper			X	X	X	X										X	X				X					X	X		
Golden Banded-Skipper	X	X									X							X		X	X	X					X		
Silver-spotted Skipper	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Hayhurst's Scallopwing		X			X	X	X				X						X			X			X		X	X	X	X	X
Common Sootywing	X	X	X	X	X	X	X				X	X					X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Dreamy Duskywing	X	X	X			X				X	X	X					X			X	X	X	X				X		
Sleepy Duskywing	X	X				X			X	X	X	X					X	X			X	X	X				X		
Juvenal's Duskywing	X	X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Horace's Duskywing	X	X		X	X	X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Mottled Duskywing	X										X							X		X							X		
Zarucco Duskywing	X				X	X								X				X	X		X						X		
Funereal Duskywing																													
Wild Indigo Duskywing	X	X			X	X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Columbine Duskywing											X																X	X	
Persius Duskywing	X																										X		
'Appalachian' Grizzled Skipper	X																				X		X				X		
Common Checkered-Skipper	X	X	X	X	X	X				X	X	X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
White Checkered-Skipper																													
Least Skipper	X	X	X		X	X			X	X	X					X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Southern Skipperling																	X												
European Skipper	X										X									X	X								
Brazilian Skipper			X	X	X	X							X													X			
Salt Marsh Skipper			X		X	X	X									X									X				
Ocala Skipper	X	X	X		X	X						X					X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Pepper and Salt Skipper	X	X																X	X		X	X				X	X		
Carolina Roadside-Skipper					X														X										
Reversed Roadside-Skipper					X																								
Lace-winged Roadside-Skipper					X															X									
Common Roadside-Skipper	X	X				X	X	X	X	X	X						X	X		X	X	X	X	X			X	X	
Dusky Roadside-Skipper																													
Swarthy Skipper	X		X	X	X	X					X						X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Eufala Skipper		X			X																							X	
Clouded Skipper	X	X	X	X	X	X	X					X				X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Fiery Skipper	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Leonard's Skipper	X	X									X	X							X		X								
Cobweb Skipper	X	X																	X		X	X		X		X	X		
Dotted Skipper																			X									X	
Indian Skipper	X	X									X										X						X	X	
Peck's Skipper	X	X		X	X	X				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Tawny-edged Skipper	X		X	X		X					X							X	X		X	X	X	X			X	X	
Crossline Skipper	X	X	X		X	X					X	X						X	X		X	X	X	X			X	X	
Long Dash	X										X																	X	
Whirlabout	X				X																								
Southern Broken-Dash	X		X		X	X					X							X	X		X					X			
Northern Broken-Dash	X		X		X	X					X							X	X		X	X	X	X		X	X		

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SKIPPERS	HESPERIIDAE		HESPERIIDAE
Hoary Edge	<i>Cecropterus lyciades</i> ^{*1}	4	<i>Achalarus lyciades</i>
Confused Cloudywing	<i>Cecropterus confusus</i> ^{*2}	7	<i>Thorybes confusus</i>
Southern Cloudywing	<i>Cecropterus bathyllus</i> ^{*3}	8	<i>Thorybes bathyllus</i>
Northern Cloudywing	<i>Cecropterus pylades pylades</i> ^{*4}	11a	<i>Thorybes pylades</i>
Long-tailed Skipper	<i>Urbanus proteus proteus</i>	26a	<i>Urbanus proteus</i>
Golden Banded-Skipper	<i>Telegonus cellus</i> ^{*5}	35	<i>Autochton cellus</i>
Silver-spotted Skipper	<i>Epargyreus clarus clarus</i>	40a	<i>Epargyreus clarus</i>
Hayhurst's Scallopwing	<i>Staphylus hayhurstii</i>	73	<i>Staphylus hayhurstii</i>
Common Sootywing	<i>Pholisora catullus</i>	74	<i>Pholisora catullus</i>
Dreamy Duskywing	<i>Erynnis icelus</i>	89	<i>Erynnis icelus</i>
Sleepy Duskywing	<i>Erynnis brizo brizo</i>	90b	<i>Erynnis brizo</i>
Juvenal's Duskywing	<i>Gesta juvenalis juvenalis</i> ^{*6}	91a	<i>Erynnis juvenalis</i>
Horace's Duskywing	<i>Gesta horatius</i> ^{*7}	96	<i>Erynnis horatius</i>
Mottled Duskywing	<i>Gesta martialis</i> ^{*8}	98	<i>Erynnis martialis</i>
Zarucco Duskywing	<i>Gesta zarucco</i> ^{*9}	100	<i>Erynnis zarucco</i>
Funereal Duskywing	<i>Gesta funeralis</i> ^{*10}	101	<i>Erynnis funeralis</i>
Wild Indigo Duskywing	<i>Gesta baptisiae</i> ^{*11}	102	<i>Erynnis baptisiae</i>
Columbine Duskywing	<i>Gesta lucilius</i> ^{*12}	103	<i>Erynnis lucilius</i>
Persius Duskywing	<i>Gesta persius persius</i> ^{*13}	105a	<i>Erynnis persius</i>
'Appalachian' Grizzled Skipper	<i>Pyrgus centaureae wyandot</i>	116a	<i>Pyrgus centaureae wyandot</i>
Common Checkered-Skipper	<i>Burnsius communis communis</i> ^{*14}	120a	<i>Pyrgus communis</i>
White Checkered-Skipper	<i>Burnsius albescens</i> ^{*15}	121	<i>Pyrgus albescens</i>
Least Skipper	<i>Ancyloxypha numitor</i>	138	<i>Ancyloxypha numitor</i>
Southern Skipperling	<i>Oarisma minima</i> ^{*16}	144	<i>Copaedodes minimus</i>
European Skipper	<i>Thymelicus lineola lineola</i>	146a	<i>Thymelicus lineola</i>
Brazilian Skipper	<i>Calpodus ethlius</i>	147	<i>Calpodus ethlius</i>
Salt Marsh Skipper	<i>Panoquina panoquin</i>	148	<i>Panoquina panoquin</i>
Ocola Skipper	<i>Panoquina ocola ocola</i>	151a	<i>Panoquina ocola</i>
Pepper and Salt Skipper	<i>Amblyscirtes hegon</i>	166	<i>Amblyscirtes hegon</i>
Carolina Roadside-Skipper	<i>Amblyscirtes carolina</i>	168	<i>Amblyscirtes carolina</i>
Reversed Roadside-Skipper	<i>Amblyscirtes reversa</i>	169	<i>Amblyscirtes reversa</i>
Lace-winged Roadside-Skipper	<i>Amblyscirtes aesculapius</i>	170	<i>Amblyscirtes aesculapius</i>
Common Roadside-Skipper	<i>Amblyscirtes vialis</i>	174	<i>Amblyscirtes vialis</i>
Dusky Roadside-Skipper	<i>Amblyscirtes alternata</i>	175	<i>Amblyscirtes alternata</i>
Swarthy Skipper	<i>Nastra lherminier</i>	183	<i>Nastra lherminier</i>
Eufala Skipper	<i>Lerodea eufala eufala</i>	188a	<i>Lerodea eufala</i>
Clouded Skipper	<i>Lerema accius</i>	191	<i>Lerema accius</i>
Fiery Skipper	<i>Hylephila phyleus phyleus</i>	196a	<i>Hylephila phyleus</i>
Leonard's Skipper	<i>Hesperia leonardus leonardus</i>	205a	<i>Hesperia leonardus</i>
Cobweb Skipper	<i>Hesperia metea metea</i>	208a	<i>Hesperia metea</i>
Dotted Skipper	<i>Hesperia attalus attalus</i>	210a	<i>Hesperia attalus</i>
Indian Skipper	<i>Hesperia sassacus sassacus</i>	214b	<i>Hesperia sassacus</i>
Peck's Skipper	<i>Polites peckius peckius</i>	219a	<i>Polites peckius</i>
Tawny-edged Skipper	<i>Polites themistocles themistocles</i>	223a	<i>Polites themistocles</i>
Crossline Skipper	<i>Limochores origenes origenes</i> ^{*17}	225a	<i>Polites origenes</i>
Long Dash	<i>Limochores mystic mystic</i> ^{*18}	226a	<i>Polites mystic</i>
Whirlabout	<i>Hedone vibex vibex</i> ^{*19}	228a	<i>Polites vibex</i>
Southern Broken-Dash	<i>Wallengrenia otho otho</i>	229a	<i>Wallengrenia otho</i>
Northern Broken-Dash	<i>Wallengrenia egeremet</i>	230	<i>Wallengrenia egeremet</i>

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Little Glassywing	<i>Pompeius verna</i>	231	<i>Pompeius verna</i>
Sachem	<i>Atalopedes campestris huron</i>	232b	<i>Atalopedes campestris</i>
Arogos Skipper	<i>Atrytone arogos arogos</i>	233a	<i>Atrytone arogos</i>
Rare Skipper	<i>Atrytone bulenta</i> ^{*20}	235	<i>Problema bulenta</i>
Hobomok Skipper	<i>Poanes hobomok hobomok</i>	236a	<i>Poanes hobomok</i>
Zabulon Skipper	<i>Poanes zabulon</i>	237	<i>Poanes zabulon</i>
Mulberry Wing	<i>Poanes massasoit hughi</i>	239a	<i>Poanes massasoit</i>
Broad-winged Skipper	<i>Poanes viator</i>	240	<i>Poanes viator</i>
Aaron's Skipper	<i>Poanes aaroni</i>	241	<i>Poanes aaroni</i>
Yehl Skipper	<i>Poanes yehl</i>	242	<i>Poanes yehl</i>
Delaware Skipper	<i>Anatrytone logan</i>	249	<i>Anatrytone logan</i>
Palatka Skipper	<i>Euphyes pilatka</i>	253	<i>Euphyes pilatka</i>
Black Dash	<i>Euphyes conspicua</i>	254	<i>Euphyes conspicua</i>
Dion Skipper	<i>Euphyes dion</i>	256	<i>Euphyes dion</i>
Duke's Skipper	<i>Euphyes dukesi</i>	258	<i>Euphyes dukesi</i>
Two-spotted Skipper ^{*21}	<i>Euphyes bimacula</i> ^{*21}	259	<i>Euphyes bimacula</i>
Two-spotted Skipper ^{*21}	<i>Euphyes bimacula bimacula</i> ^{*21}	259a	included in <i>Euphyes bimacula</i>
Two-spotted Skipper ^{*21}	<i>Euphyes bimacula arbogasti</i> ^{*21}	259b	included in <i>Euphyes bimacula</i>
Dun Skipper	<i>Euphyes vestris metacomet</i>	261d	<i>Euphyes vestris</i>
Dusted Skipper	<i>Atrytonopsis hianna</i>	263a	<i>Atrytonopsis hianna</i>
Twin-spot Skipper	<i>Oligoria maculata</i>	277	<i>Oligoria maculata</i>
Yucca Giant-Skipper	<i>Megathymus yuccae</i>	292a	<i>Megathymus yuccae</i>
SWALLOWTAILS	PAPILIONIDAE		PAPILIONIDAE
Pipevine Swallowtail	<i>Battus philenor philenor</i>	304a	<i>Battus philenor</i>
Zebra Swallowtail	<i>Eurytides marcellus</i>	306	<i>Eurytides marcellus</i>
Black Swallowtail	<i>Papilio polyxenes asterius</i>	312a	<i>Papilio polyxenes</i>
Giant Swallowtail	<i>Heraclides crespontes</i> ^{*22}	317	<i>Papilio crespontes</i>
Appalachian Tiger Swallowtail	<i>Pterourus appalachiensis</i> ^{*23}	328	^{*24}
Eastern Tiger Swallowtail	<i>Pterourus glaucus glaucus</i> ^{*23}	329a	<i>Papilio glaucus</i>
Spicebush Swallowtail	<i>Pterourus troilus troilus</i> ^{*23}	337a	<i>Papilio troilus</i>
Palamedes Swallowtail	<i>Pterourus palamedes palamedes</i> ^{*23}	338a	<i>Papilio palamedes</i>
WHITES AND SULPHURS	PIERIDAE		PIERIDAE
Dainty Sulphur	<i>Nathalis iole iole</i>	341a	<i>Nathalis iole</i>
Barred Yellow	<i>Eurema daira daira</i>	342b	<i>Eurema daira</i>
Little Yellow	<i>Pyrisitia lisa lisa</i> ^{*25}	348a	<i>Eurema lisa</i>
Sleepy Orange	<i>Abaeis nicippe</i> ^{*26}	352	<i>Eurema nicippe</i>
Clouded Sulphur	<i>Colias philodice</i>	353	<i>Colias philodice</i>
Orange Sulphur	<i>Colias eurytheme</i>	356	<i>Colias eurytheme</i>
Pink-edged Sulphur	<i>Colias interior carolae</i> ^{*27}	371b	<i>Colias interior</i>
Southern Dogface	<i>Zerene cesonia</i> ^{*28}	374a	<i>Colias cesonia</i>
Cloudless Sulphur	<i>Phoebis sennae eubule</i>	378b	<i>Phoebis sennae</i>
Orange-barred Sulphur	<i>Phoebis philea philea</i>	379a	<i>Phoebis philea</i>
Large Orange Sulphur	<i>Phoebis agarithe maxima</i>	382c	<i>Phoebis agarithe</i>
Falcate Orangetip	<i>Anthocharis midea annickae</i>	390a	<i>Anthocharis midea</i>
Olympia Marble	<i>Euchloe olympia</i>	394	<i>Euchloe olympia</i>
West Virginia White	<i>Pieris virginiensis virginiensis</i>	410a	<i>Pieris virginiensis</i>
Cabbage White	<i>Pieris rapae rapae</i>	411	<i>Pieris rapae</i>
Checkered White	<i>Pontia protodice</i>	413	<i>Pontia protodice</i>
Great Southern White	<i>Ascia monuste phileta</i>	416b	<i>Ascia monuste</i>

Page 3B	Clifton Forge (c)	Colonial Heights (c)	Covington (c)	Craig	Culpeper	Cumberland	Danville (c)	Dickenson	Dinwiddie	Emporia (c)	Essex	Fairfax	Fairfax (c)	Falls Church (c)	Fauquier	Floyd	Fluvanna	Franklin	Franklin (c)	Frederick	Fredericksburg (c)	Galax (c)	Giles	Gloucester	Goochland	Grayson	Greene	Greensville
GOSSAMER-WING BUTTERFLIES																												
Harvester				X	X	X						X			X	X		X		X			X		X	X	X	
American Copper				X	X							X			X	X		X		X			X			X	X	
Bronze Copper																												
Great Purple Hairstreak												X																
Coral Hairstreak				X		X				X	X			X	X		X		X		X		X	X				
Edwards' Hairstreak				X								X								X		X		X	X			
Banded Hairstreak				X		X						X		X	X		X		X		X		X		X	X	X	X
Hickory Hairstreak												X											X					
King's Hairstreak																												
Striped Hairstreak						X		X				X			X	X						X		X	X		X	
'Northern' Oak Hairstreak												X						X		X		X						
'Olive' Juniper Hairstreak				X	X	X						X			X	X	X			X		X		X	X	X		X
Hessel's Hairstreak																												
Brown Elfin				X								X									X		X					
Hoary Elfin																												
Frosted Elfin												X								X	X		X					
- <i>Baptisia</i> -feeding taxon												X																
- <i>Lupinus</i> -feeding taxon																												
Henry's Elfin				X				X				X		X	X					X		X		X	X		X	X
-ssp. <i>henrici</i>								X				X																
-ssp. <i>viridissima</i>												X																
Pine Elfin				X	X							X			X	X					X		X					
Gray Hairstreak				X	X	X				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
White M Hairstreak				X								X			X	X		X					X					
Early Hairstreak				X											X								X					X
Red-banded Hairstreak				X	X	X	X					X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Northern Azure															X						X							
Spring Azure												X		X							X		X					
Holly Azure																												
Cherry Gall Azure																												
Summer Azure	X			X	X		X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X		X		X		X	X	X	X	X
Appalachian Azure												X		X							X		X					X
Dusky Azure																					X		X					
Silvery Blue				X																	X		X					
Cassius Blue																												
Marine Blue																												
Eastern Tailed-Blue				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
METALMARKS																												
Northern Metalmark				X																			X					
Little Metalmark																												
BRUSHFOOTED BUTTERFLIES																												
American Snout				X	X	X	X	X	X			X			X	X	X	X		X	X		X	X	X		X	X
Monarch				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Caribbean Monarch										X																		
Queen												X																
Gulf Fritillary							X														X					X		
Zebra Heliconian												X																
Variagated Fritillary				X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Silver-bordered Fritillary														X									X					

Page 3F Common Name Per NABA (2001) and updated for taxa described or revised post-2001.	Scientific (Latin) Name Per Pelham (2019) and updated per Zhang, et. al. (2019), with some adjustments per Harry Pavulaan.	Pelham (2019) entry number http://butterfliesofamerica.com/US-Can-Cat.htm	Scientific (Latin) Name Per NABA (2001). For cross-reference purposes only.
GOSSAMER-WING BUTTERFLIES		LYCAENIDAE	
Harvester	<i>Feniseca tarquinius</i>	419a	<i>Feniseca tarquinius</i>
American Copper	<i>Lycaena phlaeas hypophlaeas</i>	420a	<i>Lycaena phlaeas</i>
Bronze Copper	<i>Lycaena hyllus</i>	430	<i>Lycaena hyllus</i>
Great Purple Hairstreak	<i>Atlides halesus halesus</i>	441a	<i>Atlides halesus</i>
Coral Hairstreak	<i>Satyrium titus titus</i>	451a	<i>Satyrium titus</i>
Edwards' Hairstreak	<i>Satyrium edwardsii edwardsii</i>	452a	<i>Satyrium edwardsii</i>
Banded Hairstreak	<i>Satyrium calanus falacer</i>	453b	<i>Satyrium calanus</i>
Hickory Hairstreak	<i>Satyrium caryaevorum</i>	454	<i>Satyrium caryaevorum</i>
King's Hairstreak	<i>Satyrium kingi</i>	455	<i>Satyrium kingi</i>
Striped Hairstreak	<i>Satyrium liparops strigosa</i>	456c	<i>Satyrium liparops</i>
'Northern' Oak Hairstreak	<i>Satyrium favonius ontario</i>	460a	<i>Satyrium favonius ontario</i>
'Olive' Juniper Hairstreak	<i>Mitoura gryneus gryneus</i> ^{*29}	475	<i>Callophrys gryneus gryneus</i>
Hessel's Hairstreak	<i>Mitoura hesseli hesseli</i> ^{*29}	478a	<i>Callophrys hesseli</i>
Brown Elfin	<i>Incisalia augustinus croesioides</i> ^{*29}	483a	<i>Callophrys augustinus</i>
Hoary Elfin	<i>Incisalia polios polios</i> ^{*29}	486a	<i>Callophrys polios</i>
Frosted Elfin	<i>Incisalia irus</i> ^{*29}	487a	<i>Callophrys irus</i>
	<i>Baptisia</i> -feeding taxon ^{*30}		
	<i>Lupinus</i> -feeding taxon ^{*30}		
Henry's Elfin	<i>Incisalia henrici</i> ^{*29}	488	<i>Callophrys henrici</i>
	ssp. <i>henrici</i> ^{*31}	488a	included in <i>Callophrys henrici</i>
'Greenish' Henry's Elfin ^{*31}	ssp. <i>viridissima</i> ^{*31}	488b	included in <i>Callophrys henrici</i>
Pine Elfin	<i>Incisalia nippon nippon</i> ^{*29}	490a	<i>Callophrys nippon</i>
Gray Hairstreak	<i>Strymon melinus</i>	493	<i>Strymon melinus</i>
White M Hairstreak	<i>Parrhasius m-album</i>	517	<i>Parrhasius m-album</i>
Early Hairstreak	<i>Erora laeta</i>	521	<i>Erora laeta</i>
Red-banded Hairstreak	<i>Calycopis cecrops</i>	527	<i>Calycopis cecrops</i>
Northern Azure ^{*32}	<i>Celastrina lucia lucia</i> ^{*32}	531a	^{*32}
Spring Azure ^{*33}	<i>Celastrina ladon (=violacea)</i> ^{*33}	533	<i>Celastrina ladon</i> ^{*32}
Holly Azure ^{*34}	<i>Celastrina idella</i> ^{*34}	534	<i>Celastrina ladon idella</i> ^{*34}
Cherry Gall Azure ^{*35}	<i>Celastrina serotina</i> ^{*35}	535	^{*35}
Summer Azure ^{*36}	<i>Celastrina neglecta</i> ^{*36}	536	<i>Celastrina ladon neglecta</i> ^{*36}
Appalachian Azure	<i>Celastrina neglectamajor</i>	538	<i>Celastrina neglectamajor</i>
Dusky Azure	<i>Celastrina nigra</i>	539	<i>Celastrina nigra (=ebenina)</i>
Silvery Blue	<i>Glaucopsyche lygdamus nittanyensis</i>	543a	<i>Glaucopsyche lygdamus</i>
Cassius Blue	<i>Leptotes cassius theonus</i>	564a	<i>Leptotes cassius</i>
Marine Blue	<i>Leptotes marina</i>	565	<i>Leptotes marina</i>
Eastern Tailed-Blue	<i>Everes comyntas comyntas</i> ^{*37}	566a	<i>Everes comyntas</i>
METALMARKS		RIODINIDAE	
Northern Metalmark	<i>Calephelis borealis</i>	589	<i>Calephelis borealis</i>
Little Metalmark	<i>Calephelis virginensis</i>	591	<i>Calephelis virginensis</i>
BRUSHFOOTED BUTTERFLIES		NYMPHALIDAE	
American Snout	<i>Libytheana bachmani</i> ^{*38}	618c	<i>Libytheana carinenta</i>
Monarch	<i>Danaus plexippus plexippus</i>	620a	<i>Danaus plexippus</i>
Caribbean Monarch*	<i>Danaus plexippus megalippe</i> ^{*39}		^{*39}
Queen	<i>Danaus gilippus berenice</i>	621a	<i>Danaus gilippus</i>
Gulf Fritillary	<i>Dione vanillae nigrior</i> ^{*40}	625a	<i>Agraulis vanillae</i>
Zebra Heliconian	<i>Heliconius charithonia tuckeri</i>	631a	<i>Heliconius charithonia</i>
Variiegated Fritillary	<i>Euptoieta claudia</i>	633	<i>Euptoieta claudia</i>
Silver-bordered Fritillary	<i>Boloria selene myrina</i>	637a	<i>Boloria selene</i>

Page 4B	Clifton Forge (c)	Colonial Heights (c)	Covington (c)	Craig	Culpeper	Cumberland	Danville (c)	Dickenson	Dinwiddie	Emporia (c)	Essex	Fairfax	Fairfax (c)	Falls Church (c)	Fauquier	Floyd	Fluvanna	Franklin	Franklin (c)	Frederick	Fredericksburg (c)	Galax (c)	Giles	Gloucester	Goochland	Grayson	Greene	Greensville
Meadow Fritillary				X								X	X		X	X		X		X			X		X	X		
Diana Fritillary	X			X				X								X	X						X	X		X		
Great Spangled Fritillary				X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X			X	X	X	X		X			X	X	X	X	X	
Aphrodite Fritillary				X				X				X			X	X		X		X			X			X		
Regal Fritillary				X								X	X		X	X				X			X				X	X
Atlantis Fritillary																										X		
Red-spotted Admiral		X		X	X	X	X				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X
-White Admiral (ssp. arthemis)																					X							
-Red-spotted Purple (ssp. astyanax)		X		X	X	X	X				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X
Viceroy				X			X	X	X		X	X	X		X	X	X	X		X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X
-ssp. archippus				X								X			X											X		
-ssp. watsoni												X														X		
-ssp. floridensis																												
Ruddy Daggerwing																												
Hackberry Emperor					X	X	X				X	X			X	X	X	X		X	X		X	X	X		X	
Tawny Emperor		X		X		X	X		X			X			X	X	X	X		X			X	X	X		X	
American Lady		X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X			X	X	X	X		X			X	X	X	X	X	X
Painted Lady				X			X				X	X	X		X	X		X		X	X		X	X		X		
West Coast Lady												X																
Red Admiral				X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X		X	X	X	X		X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X
Compton Tortoiseshell																												
Mourning Cloak			X	X	X	X	X					X			X	X		X		X			X	X	X	X	X	
Question Mark		X	X	X	X	X	X				X	X	X		X	X		X		X			X	X	X	X	X	X
Eastern Comma				X	X	X	X				X		X	X	X	X		X		X			X	X	X	X	X	
Gray Comma				X											X					X			X			X		
Green Comma																							X			X		
White Peacock																												
Common Buckeye				X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X
Mimic																												
Baltimore Checkerspot				X								X			X					X			X					
Silvery Checkerspot				X	X	X						X			X	X	X	X		X	X		X		X	X	X	
Harris' Checkerspot																												
Phaon Crescent																												
Pearl Crescent			X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X		X	X	X	X		X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	
Northern Crescent - univoltine taxon																								X				
Northern Crescent - bivoltine taxon																								X				
Tawny Crescent																					X		X					
Goatweed Leafwing																												
Southern Pearly-eye								X																				X
Northern Pearly-eye				X	X	X	X				X	X		X	X	X	X		X			X			X	X		
Creole Pearly-eye								X																				X
Appalachian Brown				X		X	X	X	X	X	X				X	X		X		X			X		X	X	X	X
'Inornate' Common Ringlet																												
Gemmed Satyr				X		X						X				X	X	X		X				X				
Little Wood-Satyr				X	X	X	X	X				X			X	X		X		X			X	X	X	X	X	X
Viola's Wood-Satyr				X	X	X	X					X			X			X		X			X		X	X		
Little Wood-Satyr												X											X		X			
Carolina Satyr					X	X	X	X		X	X				X	X	X						X	X	X			X
Georgia Satyr																												
Helicta Satyr								X																				X
Mitchell's Satyr																X												
Common Wood-Nymph				X		X		X		X	X				X	X		X		X			X	X	X	X	X	X
-ssp. pegala																												
-ssp. carolina												X			X											X		
-ssp. alope								X			X				X					X			X					

Page 4C	Halifax	Hampton (c)	Hanover	Harrisonburg (c)	Henrico	Henry	Highland	Hopewell (c)	Isle of Wight	James City	King and Queen	King George	King William	Lancaster	Lee	Lexington (c)	Loudoun	Louisa	Lunenburg	Lynchburg (c)	Madison	Manassas (c)	Manassas Park (c)	Martinsville (c)	Mathews	Mecklenburg	Middlesex
Meadow Fritillary							X								X		X				X						
Diana Fritillary							X	X	X						X		X										
Great Spangled Fritillary	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X			X		X	
Aphrodite Fritillary							X								X		X					X					
Regal Fritillary							X								X		X					X					
Atlantis Fritillary							X																				
Red-spotted Admiral	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X			X	X			X	X	X
-White Admiral (ssp. arthemis)																											
-Red-spotted Purple (ssp. astyanax)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X			X	X			X	X	X
Viceroy	X	X	X		X		X		X	X	X	X	X		X		X					X				X	X
-ssp. archippus		X	X		X					X							X					X					
-ssp. watsoni			X														X										
-ssp. floridensis																											
Ruddy Daggerwing																											
Hackberry Emperor	X		X		X		X			X			X		X		X	X			X	X				X	
Tawny Emperor	X	X	X		X		X			X			X		X		X					X				X	X
American Lady	X	X	X		X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X			X	X		X	X	X	X
Painted Lady		X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X						X	X			X	X			X	X	X
West Coast Lady																											
Red Admiral	X	X	X	X	X		X		X	X		X	X	X	X		X	X			X	X					X
Compton Tortoiseshell																											
Mourning Cloak	X		X		X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X		X		X		X		X				X	X	X
Question Mark	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X		X	X	X	X		X	X	X		X				X	X	X
Eastern Comma	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X		X	X	X	X		X				X					X	X
Gray Comma							X															X					
Green Comma							X																				
White Peacock																X											
Common Buckeye	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X			X	X	X		X	X	X
Mimic																											
Baltimore Checkerspot							X								X		X					X					
Silvery Checkerspot			X		X		X								X		X	X	X	X	X						
Harris' Checkerspot							X																				
Phaon Crescent																											
Pearl Crescent	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X	X
Northern Crescent - univoltine taxon																											
Northern Crescent - bivoltine taxon																											
Tawny Crescent							X																				
Goatweed Leafwing																X											
Southern Pearly-eye		X						X	X																		
Northern Pearly-eye	X			X	X		X		X		X		X		X		X					X					
Creole Pearly-eye								X	X																		
Appalachian Brown			X		X					X																	
'Inornate' Common Ringlet							X																				
Gemmed Satyr	X		X		X		X	X							X			X	X			X					
Little Wood-Satyr	X	X	X		X		X	X							X		X	X				X					X
Little Wood-Satyr - spring flight					X		X	X									X	X				X					X
Little Wood-Satyr - summer flight	X	X			X		X										X					X					X
Carolina Satyr	X	X	X		X			X	X			X	X	X	X		X	X			X	X			X	X	X
Georgia Satyr																											
Helicta Satyr																			X								
Mitchell's Satyr																											
Common Wood-Nymph			X		X	X	X		X	X		X	X	X	X		X					X			X		
-ssp. pegala						X																					
-ssp. carolina			X				X																X				
-ssp. alope							X		X														X				

Page 4D	Montgomery	Nelson	New Kent	Newport News (c)	Norfolk (c)	Northampton	Northumberland	Norton (c)	Nottoway	Orange	Page	Patrick	Petersburg (c)	Pittsylvania	Poquoson (c)	Portsmouth (c)	Powhatan	Prince Edward	Prince George	Prince William	Pulaski	Radford (c)	Rappahannock	Richmond	Richmond (c)	Roanoke	Roanoke (c)	
Meadow Fritillary	X	X									X	X								X	X	X	X			X	X	
Diana Fritillary	X					X						X							X		X						X	
Great Spangled Fritillary	X	X	X			X			X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Aphrodite Fritillary	X	X								X	X	X									X	X	X				X	
Regal Fritillary	X	X								X	X	X								X	X						X	
Atlantis Fritillary																								X				
Red-spotted Admiral	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X	X	X		X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
-White Admiral (ssp. arthemis)																												
-Red-spotted Purple (ssp. astyanax)	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X	X	X		X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Viceroy	X	X	X	X	X	X			X		X	X					X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
-ssp. archippus	X		X									X					X			X					X	X	X	
-ssp. watsoni			X																	X								
-ssp. floridensis						X																						
Ruddy Daggerwing																												
Hackberry Emperor	X	X	X		X	X			X	X	X	X					X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X	
Tawny Emperor	X	X			X	X				X	X			X				X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
American Lady	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Painted Lady	X				X	X	X		X	X	X	X				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
West Coast Lady																												
Red Admiral	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X		X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Compton Tortoiseshell																												
Mourning Cloak	X	X	X		X	X				X	X	X					X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X	
Question Mark	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X
Eastern Comma	X	X	X		X	X			X	X	X	X		X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Gray Comma	X										X											X						
Green Comma	X																											
White Peacock																												
Common Buckeye	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X		X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Mimic																												
Baltimore Checkerspot	X										X										X	X		X			X	
Silvery Checkerspot	X	X								X	X	X		X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X
Harris' Checkerspot																												
Phaon Crescent																												
Pearl Crescent	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Northern Crescent - univoltine taxon																												
Northern Crescent - bivoltine taxon																												
Tawny Crescent																												
Goatweed Leafwing																							X					
Southern Pearly-eye					X	X													X									
Northern Pearly-eye	X	X							X	X	X						X	X		X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X
Creole Pearly-eye					X	X													X		X							
Appalachian Brown	X		X						X	X			X				X	X	X	X	X			X	X	X	X	X
'Inornate' Common Ringlet																												
Gemmed Satyr	X	X			X				X			X	X				X	X	X									X
Little Wood-Satyr	X	X	X		X	X			X		X	X	X				X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X
Little Wood-Satyr - spring flight	X	X			X					X							X	X	X	X	X	X				X		
Little Wood-Satyr - summer flight	X		X								X		X				X			X						X	X	
Carolina Satyr	X	X	X		X				X			X	X				X	X	X	X		X				X	X	X
Georgia Satyr																												
Helicta Satyr									X																			
Mitchell's Satyr																												
Common Wood-Nymph	X	X		X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X					X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
-ssp. pegala																												
-ssp. carolina																					X							
-ssp. alope	X																				X							X

Page 4E	Rockbridge	Rockingham	Russell	Salem (c)	Scott	Shenandoah	Smyth	Southampton	South Boston (c)	Spotsylvania	Stafford	Staunton (c)	Suffolk (c)	Surry	Sussex	Tazewell	Virginia Beach (c)	Warren	Washington	Waynesboro (c)	Westmoreland	Williamsburg (c)	Winchester (c)	Wise	Wythe	York	Tangier Island
Meadow Fritillary	X	X	X		X	X	X			X	X					X		X	X					X	X		
Diana Fritillary	X				X	X						X	X			X			X						X	X	
Great Spangled Fritillary	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X	X	X			X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Aphrodite Fritillary	X	X	X	X	X	X	X									X		X	X						X	X	
Regal Fritillary	X	X	X	X						X	X						X	X	X	X						X	
Atlantis Fritillary						X																					
Red-spotted Admiral	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
-White Admiral (ssp. arthemis)		X																									
-Red-spotted Purple (ssp. astyanax)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Viceroy	X	X		X	X	X	X			X	X	X	X	X			X	X	X		X				X	X	
-ssp. archippus							X			X	X	X	X	X			X		X		X				X	X	
-ssp. watsoni												X					X										
-ssp. floridensis												X					X										
Ruddy Daggerwing																	X										
Hackberry Emperor	X	X		X	X	X				X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Tawny Emperor	X	X	X	X	X	X				X	X	X	X	X			X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X
American Lady	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Painted Lady	X	X		X		X	X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
West Coast Lady																											
Red Admiral	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Compton Tortoiseshell	X	X																									
Mourning Cloak	X	X		X	X	X	X	X		X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Question Mark	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Eastern Comma	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Gray Comma	X	X			X	X	X									X		X	X								
Green Comma					X	X													X								
White Peacock																											
Common Buckeye	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Mimic																											
Baltimore Checkerspot	X	X		X	X	X													X							X	
Silvery Checkerspot	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X					X		X	X				X	X	X		
Harris' Checkerspot																											
Phaon Crescent																		X									
Pearl Crescent	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Northern Crescent - univoltine taxon																											
Northern Crescent - bivoltine taxon																											
Tawny Crescent					X																						
Goatweed Leafwing																											
Southern Pearly-eye							X					X	X	X			X										X
Northern Pearly-eye	X	X			X	X	X			X		X				X	X	X			X			X	X	X	
Creole Pearly-eye							X					X	X				X										
Appalachian Brown	X	X			X					X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X		X	X	X	
'Inornate' Common Ringlet																											
Gemmed Satyr					X							X	X	X	X	X	X		X					X		X	
Little Wood-Satyr	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Little Wood-Satyr - spring flight	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X		X		X	X	X								X		X	
Little Wood-Satyr - summer flight													X	X	X		X	X			X					X	
Carolina Satyr	X		X		X	X	X			X		X	X	X			X		X								X
Georgia Satyr												X															
Helicta Satyr							X					X															
Mitchell's Satyr																											
Common Wood-Nymph	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
-ssp. pegala												X					X										X
-ssp. carolina																											
-ssp. alope		X		X		X	X					X		X										X			

Page 4F Common Name Per NABA (2001) and updated for taxa described or revised post-2001.	Scientific (Latin) Name Per Pelham (2019) and updated per Zhang, et. al. (2019), with some adjustments per Harry Pavulaan.	Pelham (2019) entry number http://butterfliesofamerica.com/US-Can-Cat.htm	Scientific (Latin) Name Per NABA (2001). For cross-reference purposes only.
Meadow Fritillary	<i>Boloria bellona bellona</i>	638a	<i>Boloria bellona</i>
Diana Fritillary	<i>Speyeria diana</i>	649	<i>Speyeria diana</i>
Great Spangled Fritillary	<i>Speyeria cybele cybele</i>	650a	<i>Speyeria cybele</i>
Aphrodite Fritillary	<i>Speyeria aphrodite aphrodite</i>	651b	<i>Speyeria aphrodite</i>
Regal Fritillary	<i>Speyeria idalia idalia</i>	652a	<i>Speyeria idalia</i>
'Atlantis' Atlantis Fritillary	<i>Speyeria atlantis atlantis</i>	661a	<i>Speyeria atlantis atlantis</i>
Red-spotted Admiral ^{*41}	<i>Limenitis arthemis</i>	665	<i>Limenitis arthemis</i>
White Admiral	ssp. <i>arthemis</i>	665b	<i>Limenitis arthemis arthemis</i>
Red-spotted Purple	ssp. <i>astyanax</i>	665c	<i>Limenitis arthemis astyanax</i>
Viceroy ^{*42}	<i>Limenitis archippus</i>	668	<i>Limenitis archippus</i>
Viceroy ^{*42}	ssp. <i>archippus</i> ^{*42}	668c	^{*42}
Watson's Viceroy ^{*42}	ssp. <i>watsoni</i> ^{*42}	668b	^{*42}
Florida Viceroy ^{*42}	ssp. <i>floridensis</i> ^{*42}	668a	^{*42}
Ruddy Daggerwing	<i>Marpesia petreus</i>	698	<i>Marpesia petreus</i>
Hackberry Emperor	<i>Asterocampa celtis celtis</i>	673a	<i>Asterocampa celtis</i>
Tawny Emperor	<i>Asterocampa clyton clyton</i>	675a	<i>Asterocampa clyton</i>
American Lady	<i>Vanessa virginiensis</i>	705	<i>Vanessa virginiensis</i>
Painted Lady	<i>Vanessa cardui</i>	706	<i>Vanessa cardui</i>
West Coast Lady	<i>Vanessa anabella</i>	707	<i>Vanessa anabella</i>
Red Admiral	<i>Vanessa atalanta rubria</i>	708a	<i>Vanessa atalanta</i>
Compton Tortoiseshell	<i>Nymphalis l-album j-album</i> ^{*43}	712a	<i>Nymphalis vaualbum</i> ^{*43}
Mourning Cloak	<i>Nymphalis antiopa lintnerii</i> ^{*44}	714a	<i>Nymphalis antiopa</i>
Question Mark	<i>Polygonia interrogationis</i>	715	<i>Polygonia interrogationis</i>
Eastern Comma	<i>Polygonia comma</i>	716	<i>Polygonia comma</i>
Gray Comma	<i>Polygonia progne</i>	718	<i>Polygonia progne</i>
Green Comma	<i>Polygonia faunus smythi</i>	722a	<i>Polygonia faunus</i>
White Peacock	<i>Anartia jatrophae guantanamo</i>	723a	<i>Anartia jatrophae</i>
Common Buckeye	<i>Junonia coenia</i>	728	<i>Junonia coenia</i>
Mimic	<i>Hypolimnys misippus</i>	734	<i>Hypolimnys misippus</i>
Baltimore Checkerspot	<i>Euphydryas phaeton schausi</i> ^{*45}	737a	<i>Euphydryas phaeton</i>
Silvery Checkerspot	<i>Chlosyne nycteis nycteis</i>	753b	<i>Chlosyne nycteis</i>
Harris' Checkerspot	<i>Chlosyne harrisii liggettii</i>	757c	<i>Chlosyne harrisii</i>
Phaon Crescent	<i>Phyciodes phaon</i>	780a	<i>Phyciodes phaon</i>
Pearl Crescent	<i>Phyciodes tharos tharos</i>	781a	<i>Phyciodes tharos</i>
Northern Crescent-univoltine taxon ^{*46}	<i>Phyciodes cocyta selenis</i> ^{*46}	782b	<i>Phyciodes selenis</i> ^{*46}
Northern Crescent-bivoltine taxon ^{*46}	<i>Phyciodes cocyta selenis</i> ^{*46}	782b	<i>Phyciodes selenis</i> ^{*46}
Tawny Crescent	<i>Phyciodes batesii batesii</i>	783e	<i>Phyciodes batesii</i>
Goatweed Leafwing	<i>Anaea andria</i>	789	<i>Anaea andria</i>
Southern Pearly-eye	<i>Lethe portlandia portlandia</i> ^{*47}	795b	<i>Enodia portlandia</i>
Northern Pearly-eye	<i>Lethe anthedon anthedon</i> ^{*47}	796a	<i>Enodia anthedon</i>
Creole Pearly-eye	<i>Lethe creola</i> ^{*47}	797	<i>Enodia creola</i>
Appalachian Brown	<i>Lethe appalachia appalachia</i> ^{*47}	799a	<i>Satyrodes appalachia</i>
'Inornate' Common Ringlet	<i>Coenonympha tullia inornata</i>	801c	<i>Coenonympha tullia inornata</i>
Gemmed Satyr	<i>Cyllopsis gemma gemma</i>	804a	<i>Cyllopsis gemma</i>
Little Wood-Satyr ^{*48}	<i>Megisto cymela</i> (ALL) ^{*48}	807	<i>Megisto cymela</i> (ALL) ^{*48}
Little Wood-Satyr - spring flight ^{*48}	<i>Megisto eurytris</i> ^{*48}	807b	<i>Megisto eurytris</i> ^{*48}
Little Wood-Satyr - summer flight ^{*48}	<i>Megisto cymela</i> ^{*48}	807a	<i>Megisto cymela</i> ^{*48}
Carolina Satyr	<i>Hermeuptychia sosybius</i>	808	<i>Hermeuptychia sosybius</i>
Georgia Satyr ^{*49}	<i>Neonympha areolata</i> ^{*49}	811a	<i>Neonympha areolata</i> ^{*49}
Helicta Satyr ^{*49}	<i>Neonympha helicta</i> ^{*49}	811b	^{*49}
Mitchell's Satyr	<i>Neonympha mitchellii</i>	812a	<i>Neonympha mitchellii</i>
Common Wood-Nymph ^{*50}	<i>Cercyonis pegala</i> *	813	<i>Cercyonis pegala</i> *
^{*50}	ssp. <i>pegala</i> ^{*50}	813a	^{*50}
^{*50}	ssp. <i>carolina</i> ^{*50}	813a	^{*50}
^{*50}	ssp. <i>alope</i> ^{*50}	813b	^{*50}